

Renewable energies, energy saving, climate change, eco-efficiency

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The power consumption, the use of fossil sources have direct consequences on the environment

quality. The dangers due to the temperature increase and to the consequent climate change (greenhouse effect) and to the overexploitation of the non renewable resources led the governments and the United Nations to discuss and to a

pprove protocols (Kyoto) where they commit themselves to reduce the change climate emissions, to develop alternative energy resources, to save the non renewable energies. Thanks to the scientific and technological progress it is now possible

to reach a good eco-efficiency by using energy and materials which multiply by four, ten or more the productivity of systems and processes on equal product.

On the websites linked in this section you will find the agencies and the authorities which promote the new power politics, the main national and regional resources, the discussions about topics relevant to the climate change and the Kyoto Protocol.

Institutional plans and programs (pdf in italian)

[Ministero dello sviluppo economico: "Fotovoltaico: incentivi più efficaci"](#)

[Regione Calabria - Dipartimento delle attività produttive:](#) Piani di incentivi a favore delle energie rinnovabili.

Climate change (pdf in italian)

[Protocollo di Kyoto](#) : il testo dell'accordo.

[UNFCCC, United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change](#) : il quadro di lavoro delle Nazioni Unite sul tema dei cambiamenti climatici.

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